Developing a Christian Worldview: Applications

FOCUS Fellowship of Christian University Students

MARRIAGE, FAMILY & SINGLENESS

Creation

Reflects Image of God

► Unity in Diversity (Gen 1:27)

"in the image of God....male & female he created them"

Implications

- Relationality, not autonomy
- Otherness, not cliquishness
- Dependence, not self-sufficiency

Nature of Relationship (Gen 2:24)

- Decisive (leave parents)
- Committed (united to wife)
- Physical (one flesh) "re-union"
- Hence, Exclusive (cf. Relationship to God)

Equality & Complementarity

Equality

- equal beneficiaries of "image" (w.r.t. God) & "dominion" (w.r.t. the earth)
- A need to redress balance? Gender issues, stereotyping
- Complementarity (w.r.t. each other)
 - "Not good for man to be alone" (Gen 2:18)
 - "Helpmeet" note 15/21 in OT God is help of man
 - Not only in marriage, but also generally in society
 - Same sex relationships not the norm

Hierarchy? Masculine Headship

Creational Principles

- Mode "out of man" (1 Cor 11:8)
- Sequence "Adam first, then Eve" (1 Tim 2:13)
- Purpose "woman for man" (1 Cor 11:9)

Not inconsistent with equality

- Hierarchy in Trinity Christ defers to Father; Spirit proceeds from Father & Son
- Head plays an integrating (Eph 4:15,16) & nourishing (Eph 5:28,29) role; not so much control

Cultural symbols (can change with context)

Veils, silence in church

Family – Unit of Society

► Genesis 4: Children (4:1); Brotherhood (4:2,9); City (4:17); Livestock, Music, Tools (4:20-22) Psalm 128 – Blessings of wife, children Proverbs 31 – the entrepreneurial wife Bringing up children in the Lord (Deut 6:4-9) Tribe – Clan – Family (Josh 7:14) ► Kinsman redeemer (Ruth 4) Expression of extended family Economic safety net Conjugal responsibility

Some Practical Issues

Choosing a spouse

- Being chosen while choosing
- Similarity is helpful (some common ground)
- But difference can help to focus on uniting
- Context of marriage also important (home, away)

Planning a family

- God "opens womb"; but some kinds of assisted reproduction are OK. (Note also: Adoption)
- One flesh experience not only for procreation, but also for physical expression of love; hence some forms of birth control are OK

Application to Singleness

- Family is important for everyone
- Experience of unity in diversity is important (work, church, social relationships)
- In conservative cultures, self fulfillment is important (e.g. independence)
- Sexual expression is clearly limited; but can be sublimated
- All of us are single for some duration



Effects on Marriage

Shame & Blame

- Ashamed of each other (Gen 3:7)
- Adam blames Eve, and God who gave her (Gen 3:12)
- Power Structure in Relationship
 - Husband will rule; childbearing in pain (3:16)

Institution threatened

- Divorce even regularized by Moses (Mt 19:3-10)
- Adultery even committed by David (2 Sam 11)
- Same sex relationships lacks "otherness"

Metaphor for Apostasy

Sexual & Spiritual Sin

- Condemned by prophets in same breath
- Themes of jealousy, faithfulness

Hosea

- Married a practising prostitute
- Wooing a straying lover the heart of God

Effects on Family (Sins of Father?) ► Murder in First Family (Gen 4) Cain's slaying of Abel But protection even for Cain ► Jealousy & Revenge (Gen 25-50) Joseph's Coat & Brothers' Revenge But Joseph's Forgiveness Rebellious Children (2 Sam & 1 Kings) Absalom usurping David's throne Solomon straying from David's ways But, David's greater son, Jesus saved the world

The Nuclear Family

Selfish Institution?

 "God bless me and my wife, Our John and his wife, Us four and no more"
 Driven to competition, not cooperation
 Keeping up with the Joneses

Used in advertising

Redemption

Christ and his Church

► Paul's theology of Christ & Church (Eph 5:21-33) Church is Bride of Christ AND Body of Christ Hence, men to love brides as their bodies In practical ways; in deed & not merely word (Note difference in loving others vs. ourselves) Love languages Quality time Words of appreciation Thoughtful gifts Acts of mercy Physical contact

Redeemed Relationships

► Not unequally yoked (2 Cor 6:14) Common vision, values and motivations Bringing up children ► Submitting to each other (Eph 5:21-33) Wives to acknowledge male headship Husbands to mimic Christ's love – take initiative Children and Parents (Eph 6:1-4) Children to obey & honour parents Parents not to exasperate children Creative tension (discipline vs. questioning)

An Extended Family

► Jesus the adolescent (Lk 2:41-51)

- Attended to his Father's house, but
- Obedient to earthly parents
- ► Jesus the adult (Mt 12:48-50, Lk 11:27-28)
 - Opened to all membership of his family, but
- Made provision for mother at his death (Jn 19:26-27)
 Applications
 - "Giving" children to ministry
 - Downplaying nuclear family in church family

Singleness: a High Calling

Jesus' example

- Perfection of humanity (related to men & women; and to the Father)
- Jesus' teaching
 - Renouncing marriage for the Kingdom (Mt 19:12)
 - Relativizing the importance of family (Mt 10:34-37)

► Paul's opinion (1 Cor 7)

- Singleness is better for service, but
- Better to marry than to "burn"

Consummation

Wedding Banquet

Consummation portrayed as a wedding Jesus' parables (Mt 22:1-14) John's vision (Rev 19, 21) Christ, the bridegroom Bride – Church, new Jerusalem Focus is on the grand scheme, not on separate relationships

Marriage is Temporal

No marriage in the resurrection (Mk 12:18-27)
 The Sadducees' "trick" question
 Marriage contract ceases with death (Rom 7:2-3)
 Paul's argument about binding of the "law"

Conclusions & Questions

Conclusions

Marriage & Family are God ordained blessings They can become very oppressive or selfish Extended family and sharing are ways to stabilize society Jesus' singleness for service is a challenge to a marriage endorsing culture ► We should not emphasize the nuclear family in the church family Human marriage is only temporal and will be overshadowed by the marriage of the Lamb

Questions for Discussion

- Are marriage and family a barrier to service? Should we first consider a calling to singleness?
- How can we make our nuclear families less oppressive and/or selfish?
- Should we "downplay" the nuclear family in a church family? Why? How?
- Will the church family undermine extended family relationships?
- What are the strengths and opportunities of singleness?

WORK & REST

Creation

Work reflects the Image of God

Dominant image of God in Gen 1 is that of a worker (Gen 2:1-3)

Hence the need of work (responsibility) for all ► We often derive our identity from our work Job description is more authentic than title Different kinds of creativity in work Practical (Gen 2:15) & Artistic (Gen 2:19) Work arises from both Creation & Fall More prestigious professions from Fall? (law, medicine) We need to help subordinates to find creativity

Work is a Partnership with God

Partnership is God's style

- Nature & nurture (God & gardener)
- Stewardship in both earth tending & evangelism
- God is a partner of our success (Deut 8:17-18); Hence, no "self made men"
- Stewards of God on Earth
 - God's mandate of agency (Gen 1:27, 2:15)
 - God's style servant leadership (Gen 2:15)
- Skill comes from God (Ex 31:2-11)

Work: an Interaction with the Earth

► Till & keep (serve & protect) (Gen 2:15)

- The earth is a partner in our success (land with milk & honey)
- Human responsibility (not merely equality) is important for environmental conservation

Rest: the climax of creation (Gen 2:1-3)

God rested from creating, not from sustaining (Gen 2:2-3)

- ► A pattern for man work & rest
- Rest relativizes feelings of indispensability
- Rest is meant for the earth too; also for subordinate workers (Lev 25)

Rest could/should also be creative (recreation)

- Especially if work itself is not creative
- The leisure industry the arts, hospitality



Work is affected by the Fall

Adam's legacy

- Ground cursed (Gen 3:17-18)
- Labour in work (Gen 3:19a)
- Sloth (Prov 6:10-11, 2 Thess 3:6-13)
- Loss of meaning (Eccles 2:17-26 & 4: 1-8)
- Injustice & Exploitation (Prov 13:23)
- Power structures in work relations
 - Slavery (especially in Egypt)
 - Servants (in Israel)

Alienation

► From the Earth

Interaction with earth is far removed in modernity
 From Work

- Fragmentation of work assembly line
- Work seen as a reductionist process "inputs"
- Modern technology blamed (e.g. Jacques Ellul)
- From Ourselves: humans judged by artifacts
 - Clock for efficiency
 - Computer for logical thinking

Redemption

Work has to be judged carefully (Eph 4:28)

► No longer steal, but work

Judge the effects of work – do the rich get richer?

Doing useful things, with hands

- Do the things that God is blessing- e.g. rebuilding Jerusalem (Nehemiah) & temple (Haggai)
- Service oriented careers
- Counter-cultural careers
- To give to those in need
 - Responsibility to use disposable income

Work and Ministry

The call to Ministry

- Jesus' disciples: leaving livelihoods (Mk 1:20, 2:13)
- No mere civilian pursuits (2 Tim 2:4)
- Emptiness of "great things" (Jer 45:5)
- Harvest great, labourers few (Mt 9:37-38)
- Note Paul's tentmaking (using work for ministry)
- ► Work can be Ministry (Rom 13:1-7)
 - Accomplishing God's purposes in the world diakonos (vs 4); leiturgos (vs 6)
 - Equipping the church for ministry in the world; not in the church
 - Seeking the good of the city (Jer 29:7)

Redeeming Work Relationships

► Freedom from "men-pleasing" (Eph 6:5-8)

- Motivation to serve & obey Christ wholeheartedly
- Taking part in "subduing the earth"; pride in work
- Rewards from Christ

► Fairplay and equality (Eph 6:9)

- Both servant & master will be judged
- Both justice (Jas 5:4) and kindness are important
- Hygiene and self actualization
- Workers with reduced rights: e.g. domestic workers

Witnessing thro' Work: Daniel et al (Dan 1-6) Daniel as salt & light Different, contact with aliens, transforming effect Both different and similar (Dan 1) Similar in foreign name & curriculum of study Different in food and prayer habits ► Work relationships Safeguarded king's officials; saved wise men Asked no favours from king; spoke unpopular truth Two positive outcomes God's name glorified Prosperity for the land (esp. wrt Joseph – Gen 41)

Work, Wealth & Success

- Work will result in wealth (Proverbs)
- Wealth to be shared
 - Tithe to Levites & priests
 - Enjoyed with all in household, including slaves
 - Gleanings for the poor
- Limitation on acquisition & retention (Lev 25)
 - Land owned privately, but redistributed at Jubilee
- Standard of living Maintain at "basic"?
 - John Wesley earn, save, give all you can;
 - Concessions for age?

Work needs the Balance of Rest

Two mandates for Sabbath

- Genesis mandate: work & rest (Ex 20:8-11)
- Liberation mandate (Dt 5:12-15)
- Why rest is Important?
 - Recuperation, Ego-containment
 - Servants, animals, the land
- Parallel with Salvation Rest (Heb 4:1-11)
 - Resting from wandering, not from nation building
 - Resting from works for salvation (a blow to pride)

Consummation

Work & stewardship will be judged

Stewardship parables always involve

- Return of the master
- Performance evaluation
- Rewards (generally with greater responsibility)

► Unjust work will be punished (Rev 18)

Kings, Merchants & Sea captains who serviced Babylon

Work will be restored to glory

Culture has a place in heaven (Rev 21:24) Stewardship will be endorsed (parables) ► Work will lose its frustration in prosperity (Amos 9:13) ► Work for God will not be in vain (1Cor 15:58) Weapons of war into implements of peace (Mic 4:3-4)

Conclusions

To work is to reflect God's image
Work is relativized by rest
The Fall creates frustration & injustice
Stewardship is an important part of work
We should choose carefully the work we do
Work has eternal consequences

Questions for Discussion

What are the criteria we most commonly use to choose our work?

- Should we try to be witnesses in all types of work or are some types more "valid"?
- How can we promote greater justice in the world thro' the work we have been trained for?
- Should we consider full time ministry as an option before other choices?
- How can the church increase the emphasis it places on work and our role in it?

LIFESTYLE & PLACE

Creation

Garden Bounty (Gen 1-4)

Man's original home a garden

- God's bountiful provision
- Man's co-operation with God in nurture
- Vegetarianism less resource depletion
- Cities & Civilization also a natural progression
 - Increase of complexity & social organization
 - In general, greater chance of autonomy, injustice (first city built by Cain)
 - Cities can sometimes relieve the burden on nature

Poverty Eradication

"No poor among you" (Dt 15:4)
Agrarian economy in promised land
Some rules:

Redistribution of land at Jubilee (every 50 yrs)
Not harvesting entire crop ("gleanings" for poor)

Simple Lifestyle

For our spirituality

Dependent (Creation) & Pilgrims (Consummation)

For the poor

- "Rich Christians in an age of Hunger" Ron Sider
 - Note: Rich man & Lazarus

For the planet

- (i) Resource depletion; (ii) Environmental pollution
- ► How to achieve?
 - NOT legalism; BUT "Loving defiance of each other"

Inter-generational justice

Inheritance?

- In OT, was accompanied by land redistribution
- Can it be justified without redistribution?

Family fortunes?

A "see-saw" model?

Environmental justice: sustainable development



Cities & Civilization

Tendency towards autonomy Tower of Babel (Gen 11) Link between Prosperity & Wickedness Lot's choice for Sodom – *pitched* tents (Gen 13:10-13) Abraham left Ur and moved his tents (Gen12,13) The evils of centralization Solomon's administration – prosperity (2 Chr 9) Rebellion of the Northern kingdom (2 Chr 10)

Structural Injustice

City vs Country

- Is the city prosperous at the expense of the rest?
- Greater protection for the city
- More opportunities in city
- Inner city and Belt of poverty
 - Slums and shanties due to urban drift
 - Bishop John Shephard ("Bias to the Poor")

Where shall I live?

More developed countries? (greener pastures)
 Is prosperity linked to wickedness?

- ► Gated communities?
 - High quality of relationships within
 - BUT cut off from the poor & marginalized
 - Not advocated for social cohesion
- Outside the city?
 - More affordable
 - Better quality of relationships (people & nature)
 - Less resources and opportunities

Redemption

Incarnation: General

God making his home with us

- Emmanuel God with us (Mt 1:23)
- Word became flesh & dwelt among us (Jn 1:14)
- Vulnerable not of this world (Jn 18:36)

Sent by the Father

- As an "other" among others (Jn 1:10-11)
- Pattern & basis for mission (Jn 20:21)

Incarnation: Specific

Places in Jesus' life

- Place of birth insignificant (Bethlehem)
- Lived in hotbed of revolution (Nazareth, Galilee)
- Killed in capital city (Jerusalem)
 [Many prophets lived outside, killed within city (Mt 23:37)]
- Lifestyle: counter-cultural
 - Nowhere to lay his head during ministry
 - Sermon on the Mount: "do not be like them" (Mt 5-7) (to be different from Pharisees, heathen)

Mission

- ► To GO, journey, leave Moving out of comfort zone Creates dependence on God Causes vulnerable interaction with "others" Christian church has history of mission Paul's journeys (Acts) Gospel of Jesus Education & Health & Development Critiqued for changing an existing pattern (but
 - change will occur anyway)

Thinking about Mission

Can/should be done even at "home"; however It requires the leaving of comfort zones Does not give full experience of being an outsider Mission station either within or outside nation Changing demographics of Christian mission Mission station is normally (not always) difficult Mission stationing can be for a period in life E.g. beginning or end of working life Mission through career postings

Consummation

Nature & Culture

Both Nature (Rom 8:19-22) and Culture (Rev 21:22-27) are Redeemed

- Both garden & city are found in New Jerusalem (Rev 22:1-5)
- Hence, no intrinsic privileging of either garden or city

Christian Counter-culture

Beatitudes (Mt 5:1-12)

- Introduce the Sermon on the Mount
- Point to the consummation ("..they will...")
- Sermon on the Mount (Mt 5-7)
 - Manifesto for Christian lifestyle (present)
 - Witness to the life to come

Conclusions

Simplicity should be a hallmark of lifestyle ► We should reduce poverty and inequality There is structural injustice across various geographical locations The incarnation teaches us that where we live is an important life choice A mission attitude should force us to wander Our lifestyles should be a witness to the life to come

Questions for Discussion

Is it wrong to inherit property from parents?

- What are the criteria we most commonly use to choose where we live?
- Are there places we should try to live in; or avoid living in?
- Can we become a part of missions, by our choice of work or abode?
- How can we encourage each other to live more simply, especially so that poverty is reduced?